

Best Practices in the Herbal Ingredient Supply Chain

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Tweeting about this conference?

#ACIDietarySup

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GACP: Best Practice Seed to Harvest

Good Agricultural and Collection Practice

GAP: Relevant to farm operations

-  Propagation material (identity; health and cleanliness; purity; organic status; GMO crops)
-  Site selection (fertility; contaminants; location; crop history;
-  Fertilization (choice and identification; application; guidance on both chemical and organic materials (e.g., composted manure)
-  Irrigation (water source and monitoring; irrigation systems; legal conformity)
-  Crop protection and maintenance (cultivation; companion plants; pesticide use)



GACP: Best Practice Seed to Harvest

Good Agricultural and Collection Practice

-  **GACP:** Relevant to wild harvest / wildcrafting operations
 -  Permits and permission (public vs. private property)
 -  Site selection (species habitat; site history; proximity to features of concern)
 -  Collection equipment (materials; maintenance and cleanliness; training and safety)
 -  Identification (training & experience; local floras as resources; voucher specimens; plant's life phase; substitutes and adulterants; positive ID)
 -  Sustainability (ESA compliance; abundance; population stability; propagation and regeneration; habitat stewardship)
 -  Timing of harvest



GACP: Best Practice Seed to Harvest

Good Agricultural and Collection Practice

-  Post-harvest handling: Relevant to all operations
 -  Handling (containers; avoidance of compaction; protection from contamination; temperature and moisture control)
 -  Facilities (light; pest control; order and cleanliness; equipment)
 -  Washing and cleaning (water supply; drainage; drying; foreign matter)
 -  Dehydration (timing; sunlight and shade; temperature control; air circulation; finished moisture content)
 -  Cutting and milling (timing; protection of operators; equipment maintenance; temperature control)
 -  Packaging (materials; labeling; storage)



GACP: Best Practice Seed to Harvest

Good Agricultural and Collection Practice

-  Personnel: Relevant to all operations
 -  Training (relevance to tasks; plant identification; hygiene)
 -  Safety (clothing; protective gear; environmental factors; tool and equipment)
 -  Hygiene (prevention of contamination; toilet facilities; hand washing; personnel health)



GACP: Best Practice Seed to Harvest

Good Agricultural and Collection Practice

-  Record keeping and retentions: Relevant to all operations
 -  Agricultural crop harvest records (propagation materials; crop site; agricultural inputs; water source and irrigation; harvest details)
 -  Wild crop collection records (permits and permissions; collection sites; identification procedures; collection details)
 -  Post-harvest handling records (facility; equipment; operations: washing, drying, dehydrating, cutting and milling, packaging)
 -  Personnel records (training; safety and hygiene practices)
 -  Retention samples (representative; labeling; storage; sample correlation at each stage of processing)



GMP: Best Practice Harvest to Manufacturing

Good Manufacturing Practice

-  Relevant FDA regulations???
-  21 CFR 111: cGMP for Dietary Supplement Operations
-  21 CFR 112: Produce Safety Rules (FDA now has jurisdiction on farms)
-  21 CFR 117: cGMP for Food Manufacturing Operations / Hazard Analysis and Risk-Based Prevention Control
-  Which apply to herbal ingredient operations?



GMP: Best Practice Harvest to Manufacturing

Good Manufacturing Practice

-  Various herbal ingredient operations:
 -  Bulk herb supplier for reprocessing / finished product manufacturing ONLY
 -  Bulk herb supplier for consumer sale with no further processing
 -  Extract manufacturer
 -  Extract supplier for reprocessing / finished product manufacturing ONLY
 -  Extract supplier for consumer sale with no further processing
 -  Etc.



GMP: Best Practice Harvest to Manufacturing

Good Manufacturing Practice - Key questions:

-  Should ingredient suppliers conduct “at least one test or examination to verify identity” for each ingredient?
-  If so, how will the supplier’s testing be evaluated?
-  Will ingredient buyers support self-regulatory initiatives? Imposition of GMP guidance for suppliers will only be as good as ingredient buyers make it – quality must take precedence over price.



Is it time to amend the FDCA (to “open up DSHEA”)?

Transparency initiatives

-  Product registry
-  Botanical ingredient cGMP
-  3rd-party certification

Other industry needs / consumer benefits?

-  Traditional claims (redefine “drug”)?
-  Readdress 3rd-party literature in the 21st century (Internet)?
-  NDI date reset/synthetics/clarifications?
-  Parity on 321 (ff)(3)(B)?
-  State preemption?



Thank you!

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